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JUN 25 2007

In the claims:

Following is a complete set of claims as amended with this Response.

1-39. (Canceled)

40. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

developing a plurality of signal processing procedures by selecting a weight vector from a sequence of different weight vectors, wherein elements of the weight vectors selectively modify one or more characteristics of transmission of a signal from each antenna of an antenna array.

iteratively processing the signal through the ~~a signal through a~~ plurality of signal processing procedures to generate a plurality of processed signals; and

sequentially transmitting the plurality of processed signals through a coupled antenna array, generating a desired radiation level at a number of locations within a desired sector.

41. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 40, wherein the signal is transmitted using a CDMA protocol.

42. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 40, wherein the desirable radiation level is a non-null level.

43. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 40, wherein the desired sector is comprised of a range of azimuths up to a complete range of azimuths of the antenna array.

44. (Canceled)

45. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 40 ~~claim 44~~, wherein the transmission characteristics include one or more of signal amplitude and/or phase.

46. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 45, wherein the sequence of weight vectors share an amplitude value and have random phase values.

47. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 45, wherein the sequence of weight vectors is comprised of weight vectors that are orthogonal.

48. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 47, wherein the orthogonal weight vectors have elements with the same magnitude.

49. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 47, wherein the orthogonal weight vectors are developed from one or more of rows or columns of a complex valued Walsh-Hadamard matrix, rows or columns of a real valued Hadamard matrix, and/or a sequence whose elements are basis vectors of a Fourier transform.

50. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 44, wherein the sequence of weight vectors is comprised of weight vectors designed to provide a desirable radiation pattern within at least a sub-sector of the desired sector.

51. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 50, wherein the desirable radiation pattern is a near omni-directional radiation pattern.

52. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 50, wherein the desired sector is the whole range in azimuth.

53. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 44, wherein the sequence of weight vectors includes weight vectors that are representative of weight vectors designed for transmission to known communication unit(s).

54. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 53, wherein the weight vectors designed for transmission to known communication unit(s) are determined from spatial signature(s) associated with each of the communication unit(s).

55. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 40 ~~claim 44~~, wherein the weight vectors are determined from weight vectors designed for transmission to known subscriber unit(s) using a vector quantization clustering process.

56. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 55, the vector quantization clustering process comprising:

assigning an initial set of weight vectors as a current set of representative weight vectors;

combining each designed for subscriber unit weight vector with its nearest representative weight vector in the current set, according to some association criterion;

determining an average measure of a distance between each representative weight vector in the current set and all weight vectors combined with that representative weight vector;

replacing each representative weight vector in the current set with a core weight vector for all the weight vectors that have been combined with that representative weight vector; and

iterative repeating the combining, determining and replacing steps until a magnitude of the difference between the average measure in a present iteration and the average distance in the previous iteration is less than a threshold.

57. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 40, wherein the plurality of signal processing procedures is commensurate with the plurality of antennae within the antenna array used to sequentially transmit the plurality of processed signals.

58. (Previously Presented) A storage medium comprising content which, when executed by an accessing machine, implements a method according to claim 40.

59. (Previously Presented) A wireless communication system element comprising:

a storage medium including content; and

a processor element, coupled with the storage medium, to execute at least a subset of the content to implement a method according to claim 40.

60. (Currently Amended) A subscriber unit comprising:

two or more antennas configured as an antenna array; and

processing element(s), coupled with the antenna array, to select a weight vector from a sequence of different weight vectors to develop a plurality of signal processing procedures, wherein elements of the weight vectors selectively modify one or more characteristics of transmission of the signal from each antenna in the antenna array and to iteratively process a signal through the plurality a plurality of signal processing procedures to generate a plurality of processed signals which, when sequentially transmitted via the antenna array, generate a desired radiation level at a number of locations within a desired sector, wherein the desired sector is comprised of a range of azimuths up to a complete range of azimuths of the antenna array.

61. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 60, wherein the processing element(s) are comprised of one or more of an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC), a digital signal processor (DSP), a field-programmable logic array (FPGA) and/or a microcontroller resident within the subscriber unit.

62. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 60, further comprising:

a transceiver, coupled with the antenna array and the processor element(s), to sequentially transmit each of the generated plurality of processed signals to achieve the desired radiation level at a number of locations in the desired sector during at least one of said sequential transmissions, wherein sequential transmission of the generated plurality of processed signals comprises a broadcast transmission.

63. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 62, wherein the processor element(s) are integrated within the transceiver.

64. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 63, wherein the transceiver comprises at least one processor element for each antenna within the antenna array.

65. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 60, wherein the processor element(s) select a radiation level that is a non-null level.

66. (Canceled)

67. (Canceled)

68. (Currently Amended) A subscriber unit according to claim 60 ~~claim 67~~, wherein the transmission characteristics include one or more of a signal amplitude and/or phase.

69. (Currently Amended) A subscriber unit according to claim 60, wherein the sequence of weight vectors share an amplitude value and have random phase values.

70. (Currently Amended) A subscriber unit according to claim 60 ~~claim 67~~, wherein the sequence of weight vectors are comprised of weight vectors which are orthogonal to one another.

71. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 70, wherein the orthogonal weight vectors share a common magnitude.

72. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 70, wherein the processor element(s) develop the orthogonal weight vectors from one or more of rows or columns of a complex valued Walsh-Hadamard matrix, rows or columns of a real valued Hadamard matrix, and/or a sequence whose elements are basis vectors of a Fourier transform.

73. (Currently Amended) A subscriber unit according to claim 60 ~~claim 67~~, wherein the sequence of weight vectors is comprised of weight vectors designed to provide a desirable radiation pattern within at least a sub-sector of an overall desired sector.

74. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 73, wherein the processor element(s) develop the sequence of weight vectors designed to provide a desirable radiation pattern based, at least in part, on information associated with known communication station(s) in the desired sector.

75. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 74, wherein the processor elements develop the sequence of weight vectors from spatial signature(s) associated with the known communication station(s).

76. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 74, wherein the processor element(s) develop the sequence of weight vectors using a vector quantization clustering process.

77. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 70, wherein the processor element(s) develop a plurality of signal processing procedures commensurate with the plurality of antennae comprising the antenna array.

78. (Currently Amended) A communication station comprising:
two or more antennas configured as an antenna array; and
processing element(s), coupled with the antenna array, to select a weight vector from a sequence of different weight vectors to develop a plurality of processing procedures, wherein elements of the weight vectors selectively modify one or more characteristics of transmission of the signal from each antenna in the antenna array and to iteratively process a signal through the plurality a plurality of signal processing procedures to generate a plurality of processed signals which, when sequentially transmitted via the antenna array, generate a desired radiation level at a number of locations within a desired sector.

79. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 78, wherein the processing element(s) are comprised of one or more of an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC), a digital signal processor (DSP), a field-programmable logic array (FPGA) and/or a microcontroller resident within the communication station.

80. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 78, further comprising:

one or more transceivers, coupled with the antenna array and the processor element(s), to sequentially transmit each of the generated plurality of processed signals to achieve the desired radiation level at a number of locations in the desired sector during at least one of said sequential transmissions, wherein sequential transmission of the generated plurality of processed signals comprises a broadcast transmission.

81. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 80, wherein the processor element(s) are integrated within one or more of the transceiver(s).

82. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 80, wherein the transceiver comprises at least one processor element for each antenna within the antenna array.

83. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 78, wherein the desired sector is comprised of a range of azimuths up to a complete range of azimuths of the antenna array.

84. (Canceled)

85. (Currently Amended) A communication station according to claim 78 ~~claim 84~~, wherein the transmission characteristics include one or more of a signal amplitude and/or phase.

86. (Currently Amended) A communication station according to claim 78 ~~claim 84~~, wherein the sequence of weight vectors share an amplitude value and have random phase values.

87. (Currently Amended) A communication station according to claim 78 ~~claim 84~~, wherein the sequence of weight vectors are comprised of weight vectors which are orthogonal to one another.

88. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 87, wherein the processor element(s) develop the orthogonal weight vectors from one or more of rows or columns of a complex valued Walsh-Hadamard matrix, rows or columns of a real valued Hadamard matrix, and/or a sequence whose elements are basis vectors of a Fourier transform.

89. (Currently Amended) A communication station according to claim 78 ~~claim 84~~, wherein the sequence of weight vectors is comprised of weight vectors designed to provide a desirable radiation pattern within at least a sub-sector of an overall desired sector.

90. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 89, wherein the processor element(s) develop the sequence of weight vectors designed to provide a desirable radiation pattern based, at least in part, on information associated with known subscriber unit(s) in the desired sector.

91. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 90, wherein the processor elements develop the sequence of weight vectors from spatial signature(s) associated with the known subscriber unit(s).

92. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 90, wherein the processor element(s) develop the sequence of weight vectors using a vector quantization clustering process.

93. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 92, wherein performing the vector quantization cluster process, the processor element(s):
assign an initial set of weight vectors as a current set of representative weight vectors;

combine each designed for subscriber unit weight vector with its nearest representative weight vector in the current set, according to some association criterion;

determine an average measure of a distance between each representative weight vector in the current set and all weight vectors combined with that representative weight vector;

replace each representative weight vector in the current set with a core weight vector for all the weight vectors that have been combined with that representative weight vector; and

iteratively repeat the combining, determining and replacing elements until a magnitude of the difference between the average measure in a present iteration and the average distance in the previous iteration is less than a threshold.

94. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 78, wherein the processor element(s) develop a plurality of signal processing procedures commensurate with the plurality of antennae comprising the antenna array.

95. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 53 wherein the communication unit(s) is at least one of a subscriber unit and a base station.

96. (Previously Presented) A subscriber unit according to claim 60 wherein the signal is transmitted using a CDMA protocol.

97. (Previously Presented) A communication station according to claim 78 wherein the signal is transmitted using a CDMA protocol.